



Decoding Dualities at Divergent Distances

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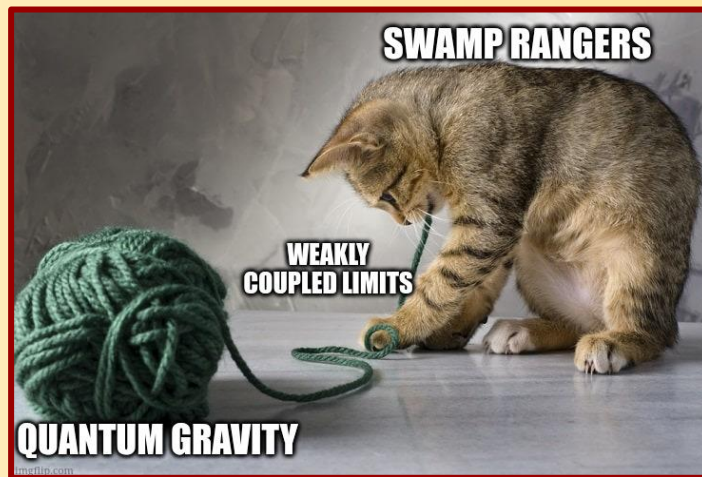
Is quantum gravity stringy?

at weak coupling, *it looks like it...*

- *S*-matrix bootstrap results
- black holes & holography
- *unexpected* appearances

“emergent string conjecture”

(Lee, Lerche, Weigand, 2019)



this talk: collect old & new insights

Weakly coupled limits in quantum gravity

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = M_{\text{Pl}}^{d-2} \left(R + \frac{\mathcal{R}^2}{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}^2} + \dots \right) + \sum_k m_{\text{gap}}^{d-2k} \mathcal{R}^{2k}$$

genuine QG effects *field theory d.o.f. to “integrate in”*

(Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez, 2023)

❖ weak “quantum coupling(s)” of gravitons $\Lambda_{\text{UV}} \ll M_{\text{Pl}}$

❖ infinite-distance limits in theory space **factorize**

(Stout, 2021-2022)

➤ gravity must “decouple” by equivalence principle

➤ **tower** of new species (seems) required (**must it be light?**)



What are the endangered light species?

❖ **assume** light tower (later: **converse** worksheet argument)

➤ obvious option: KK tower → still EFT framework
T-duality & obstructions (Demulder, Lüst, Raml, 2023)

➤ **string universality** → **only alternative strings modes!**
unique & critical (Lee, Lerche, Weigand, 2019)
➤ extremely **non-trivial** (dualities & obstructions)
(Kläwer, Lee, Weigand, Wiesner, 2020)

$$m_{\text{KK}} \ll \Lambda_{\text{UV}}^{\text{KK}}$$

$$m_{\text{string}} = \Lambda_{\text{UV}}^{\text{string}}$$



in general: two classes of species



Fun with scales

- ❖ *UV cutoff: generic suppression in (gravitational sector of) EFT*
 - “integrate in” KK modes [if present]
 - scale of smallest black hole (Dvali, 2007) (Cribiori, Lüst, Staudt, 2022) (Bedroya, Mishra, Wiesner, 2024)
- ❖ *QG scale: strongly coupled gravity, e.g. $\Lambda_{\text{QG}}^{\text{string}} \approx M_s \sqrt{\log g_s^{-2}}$*

(Gross, Mende, Ooguri, 1987-1990) (Bedroya, 2022)

 - for KK: higher-dim. Planck scale [even w/ curvature (Aoufia, IB, Leone, 2024)]
- ❖ *“state counting” scale: worst-case scenario $\Lambda_{\text{st}} \sim M_{\text{Pl}} N_{\text{sp}} (\Lambda_{\text{st}})^{-\frac{1}{d-2}}$*

(Veneziano, 2001) (Dvali, 2007)

parametric hierarchy

$$m_{\text{tower}} \lesssim \Lambda_{\text{UV}} \lesssim \Lambda_{\text{QG}} \lesssim \Lambda_{\text{st}} \lesssim M_{\text{Pl}}$$



Minimal black holes & species (IB, Cribiori, Lüst, Montella, 2023-2024) (Alvaro's talk)

❖ **basic idea:** light tower \Leftrightarrow minimal black hole (Dvali, Gomez, Lüst, Isermann, Stieberger, 2009-2014)

➤ spectrum w/o intermediate gaps $m_n = m f(n)$, $m_N \sim \Lambda_{\text{st}}$

➤ “typical” species energy $E_{\text{sp}} = \sum_{\text{level } n} d_n m_n$ ↑
max level

➤ thermodynamics **must** match (energy, entropy, charges...)

$$S_{\text{sp}} \sim N_{\text{sp}} + \sum_{n \leq N} d_n \log \frac{f(N)}{f(n)} - \frac{1}{2} \log(N_{\text{sp}} f(N)^2)$$



A familiar example

KK towers [reparametrized to “constant degeneracy”] (Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez, 2022)

➤ if limit is an EFT, towers gapped below cutoff **must be KK** (Bedroya, Mishra, Wiesner, 2024)

$$\begin{array}{l} d_n \sim 1 \\ \text{thermodynamic} \downarrow \text{consistency} \\ m_n \sim m n^{\frac{1}{p}} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \\ \longrightarrow \\ \searrow \end{array} \begin{array}{l} E_{\text{sp}} = \frac{p}{p+1} \Lambda_{\text{st}}^{3-d} + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{st}}) \quad \checkmark \\ S_{\text{sp}} = \frac{p+1}{p} N_{\text{sp}} + \mathcal{O}(\log N_{\text{sp}}) \quad \checkmark \\ \Lambda_{\text{UV}} = \Lambda_{\text{st}} = \Lambda_{\text{QG}} = m^{\frac{p}{p+d-2}} \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

name of the game: repeat for more general towers



The good, the bad and the stringy

- ❖ **punchline:** not any tower goes! up to reparametrizations, we found
 - only “KK-like” towers work $d(m) \sim m^{p-1}$ ← “effective” dims $p \geq 1$
 - some *don’t work* $d(m) \sim (\log m)^\alpha, \log \log m$
 - the rest “smells stringy”, e.g. $\Lambda_{\text{st}} \sim m \log m^{-1}$
may gap @ cutoff → higher-spins (Camanho, Edelstein, Maldacena, Zhiboedov, 2014)

Mass \ Degeneracy	Log	Power	Exp	Constant
Log	*			*
Power	*			
Exp				



Living in the (S-)matrix

- ❖ for “stringy” towers, BH argument formally works for $p \rightarrow \infty$
 - mild logarithmic deviations from BH matching indicate cutoff = gap $\ll \Lambda_{\text{st}}$
 - power-like DoS should degenerate into **exponential** (Bedroya, Mishra, Wiesner, 2024)
- ❖ highly constraining bootstrap results!

$$A_{\text{grav}} = \frac{W(s, t, u)}{stu} \prod_{n \geq 1} \frac{1 + A_n(st + tu + us) + B_n stu}{(1 - s/\lambda_n)(1 - t/\lambda_n)(1 - u/\lambda_n)}$$

string spectrum fixed ✓
no q -deformation à la Coon ✓
Virasoro-Shapiro dynamics* ✓
similar rigidity for gauge sector ✓

(Camanho, Edelstein, Maldacena, Zhiboedov, 2014)
(Caron-Huot, Komargodski, Sever, Zhiboedov, 2016)
(Caron-Huot, Li, Parra-Martinez, Simmons-Duffin, 2022)
(Geiser, Lindwasser, 2022) (Cheung, Remmen, 2022-2023)
(Arkani-Hamed, Cheung, Figueiredo, Remmen, 2023)
(Håring, Zhiboedov, 2023) (...)



The bottom-up story — recap

- ❖ information-theoretic **factorization** links distances and towers (Stout, 2021-2022)
- ❖ test w/ “minimal black hole \Leftrightarrow light species” correspondence
- ❖ **upshot:** if tower is light,
 - gapped below cutoff \longrightarrow KK-like + $p \rightarrow \infty$ limit
 - gapped at cutoff \longrightarrow exponential DoS + higher-spins + rigid S-matrix
(Bedroya, Mishra, Wiesner, 2024) (Alvaro’s talk)

leftover questions:

- must **light** towers exist?
- are these **actually** KK?



worksheet approach

(Aoufia, IB, Leone, 2024)



Strings and (non-)geometry

❖ string perturbation theory can probe **both** questions

➤ tool: **modular invariance** (here: RNS-RNS)

➤ quantity: 1-loop **R⁴ Wilson coefficient** from 2-to-2 graviton scattering

(Green, Schwarz, Brink, 1982) (Kiritsis, Pioline, 1997) (Green, Gutperle, Vanhove, 1997) (Obers, Pioline, 1999)

(Green, Vanhove, 1999) (Green, Russo, Vanhove, 2008) (Green, Russo, Vanhove, 2010) (Angelantonj, Florakis, Pioline, 2012)

(Blumenhagen, Cribiori, Gligovic, Paraskevopoulou, 2024) (Bedroya, van de Heisteeg, Vafa, Wiesner, Wu, 2022-2024)

“reduced”/primary
partition function
(Afkhami-Jeddi, Cohn,
Hartman, Tajdini, 2021)

$$\alpha_{R^4} = \left(\frac{\mathcal{Z}_{S^2}}{g_s^2} \right)^{\frac{8-d}{d-2}} \left(2\zeta(3) \frac{\mathcal{Z}_{S^2}}{g_s^2} + 2\pi \int_{\mathcal{F}} d\mu \mathcal{Z}_{T^2}^{\text{reg}} \right)$$

emergent string limit

$$\alpha_{R^4} \underset{g_s \ll 1}{\sim} \left(\frac{M_{\text{Pl}}}{M_s} \right)^6$$

decompactification

$$\int_{\mathcal{F}} d\mu \mathcal{Z}_{T^2}^{\text{reg}} \sim \left(\frac{m_{\text{gap}}}{M_s} \right)^{-p}$$



Modular invariance to the rescue

❖ **can prove** (Aoufia, IB, Leone, 2024)

- Wilson coefficient **diverges** $\Leftrightarrow \exists$ **light tower**
- scaling w/ spectral gap is **geometric** (“emergent geometry”)

exp. decay
distance diverges
(Ooguri, Wang, 2024)

$$\int_{\mathcal{F}} d\mu \mathcal{Z}_{T^2}^{\text{reg}}(t) \stackrel{t \gg 1}{\sim} \Delta_{\text{gap}}(t)^{-\frac{c_{\text{int}}}{2}}$$

bonus: limiting CFT contains \mathbb{R}^N sigma model ✓ (Ooguri, Wang, 2024)

One more recap for the road

- ❖ information-theoretic **factorization** links distances and towers
- ❖ **if light:**
 - gapped below cutoff \longrightarrow KK-like + $p \rightarrow \infty$ limit
 - gapped at cutoff \longrightarrow exponential DoS + higher-spin + rigid S-matrix
- ❖ worldsheet allows **converse:**
 - small cutoff \Leftrightarrow (exponentially) **light tower** + **emergent geometry**



Outlook



- ❖ “bootstrapping” strings from many directions
- ❖ coherent emerging picture **from the bottom up**
 - light species & information theory
 - (minimal) black holes & thermodynamics
- ❖ **emergence of geometry** & clarifications from top-down



Geometric decompactifications — EFT estimates

❖ compactify on n -dim. manifold X

➤ heat kernel $K_X(t)$ determines one-loop contribution

$$S_{1\text{-loop}} \sim - \frac{1}{2(4\pi)^{\frac{d}{2}}} \int_{\Lambda_{\text{st}}^{-2}}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{t^{1+\frac{d}{2}}} K_X(t) \sum_{k \geq 0} a_{2k}(\mathcal{R}) t^k$$

curvature ops.

➤ “relevant” vs. “irrelevant” ops.

(IB, Lüst, Montella, 2023) (Aoufia, IB, Leone, 2024)

$$m_{\text{gap}}^{d-2k} \int_{\frac{m_{\text{gap}}^2}{\Lambda_{\text{st}}^2}} \frac{ds}{s} s^{k-\frac{d+n}{2}} \sim$$

$2k < d+n$

$$\Lambda_{\text{st}}^{2-2k}$$

Planck scale appears
(QG effect)

$2k > d+n$

$$m_{\text{gap}}^{d-2k}$$

no Planck scale
(field theory effect)

(Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez, 2023)

(Bedroya, Mishra, Wiesner, 2024)



Some gory details — existence of light tower

❖ assume N states go below some threshold weight Δ_{th}

➤ bound modular integral with strip integral [$\tau = x+iy$]

$$|\widetilde{\mathcal{Z}}_{T^2}| \leq y^{\frac{c}{2}} \sum_{j, \Delta > 0} e^{-2\pi\Delta y} + |E_{\frac{c}{2}} - y^{\frac{c}{2}}|$$

➤ split sum into $Z_{\text{below}} + Z_{\text{above}}$ with $Z_{\text{below}} \leq N \longrightarrow$ *modular invariance*

$$Z_{\text{above}} \stackrel{y > 1}{\leq} \frac{e^{2\pi\left(\frac{1}{y}-y\right)\Delta_{\text{th}}}}{1 - e^{2\pi\left(\frac{1}{y}-y\right)\Delta_{\text{th}}}} Z_{\text{below}} \quad Z_{\text{above}} \stackrel{y < 1}{\leq} \frac{1}{1 - e^{2\pi\left(y-\frac{1}{y}\right)\Delta_{\text{th}}}} Z_{\text{below}}$$



finite $N \Rightarrow$ finite Wilson coeff.



More gory details — modular differential equation

❖ assume weights are **light** $\Delta = \Delta_0 f(t) \sim \Delta_0/t$ or **heavy** $\Delta \gg 1$

➤ **asymptotic differential equation** (akin to Narain lattice sum)

$$\left(-t^2 \partial_t^2 - (2 - c)t \partial_t\right) \mathcal{Z}_{T^2} \stackrel{t \gg 1}{\sim} \left(\Delta_\tau - \frac{c}{2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \mathcal{Z}_{T^2}$$

❖ **regulate & integrate over fundamental domain**

(Rankin, 1939) (Selberg, 1940) (Zagier, 1982) (Angelantonj, Florakis, Pioline, 2011) (Angelantonj, Cardella, Elitzur, Rabinovici, 2011)

➤ **geometric scaling** of integral

$$I(t) \stackrel{t \gg 1}{\sim} t^{\frac{c}{2}} \sim \Delta_{\text{gap}}^{-\frac{c}{2}}$$



Last one, I promise — factorized CFT limits

❖ relax spectrum to factorization $Z(t) = A(t)B$ (“*partial decompactification*”)

➤ *harmonic decomposition* w.r.t. fundamental domain

(Benjamin, Collier, Fitzpatrick, Maloney, Perlmutter, 2021)

$$\tilde{A} = \underbrace{\frac{3}{\pi} I_A(t)}_{\text{preceding result}} + \sum_{n>0} \underbrace{a_n(t) \nu_n}_{\text{Maass cusp forms}} + \int_{\text{Re}(s)=\frac{1}{2}} \underbrace{ds \alpha_s E_s}_{\text{real analytic Eisenstein series}}$$

$$I_{AB}(t) \stackrel{t \gg 1}{\sim} \underbrace{a t^{\frac{c_A}{2}}}_{\text{QG geometric scaling}} + \underbrace{b t^{\frac{c_A+c_B-2}{2}}}_{\text{field theory gap contribution}}$$

bonus: log threshold terms [when expected] ✓