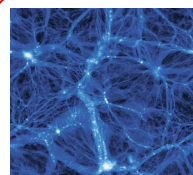

Simulation Based Inference with the Integrated 3-Point Correlation Function of Cosmic Shear

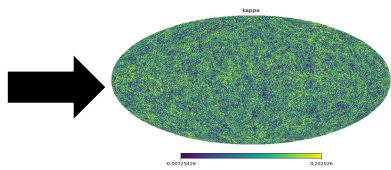
David Gebauer
with Stella Seitz & Anik Halder



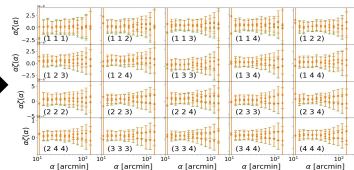
The SBI Pipeline



N-Body
Simulations

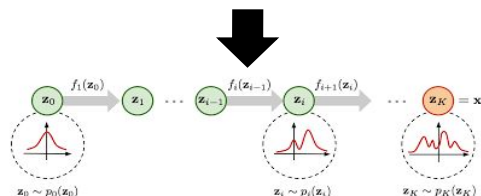


Weak Lensing Maps



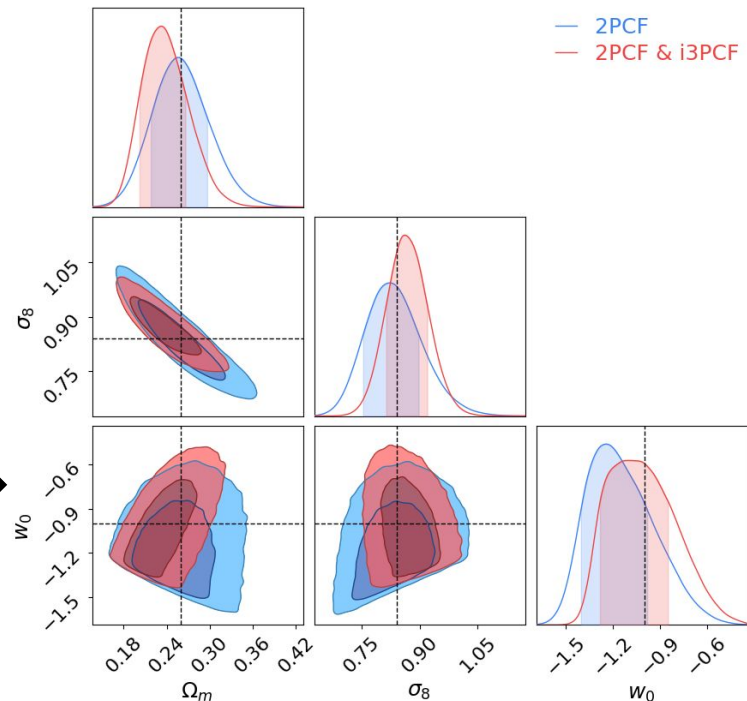
Summary Statistics

Forward Model



Normalizing Flow (Generative Model)

Evaluate for Observation



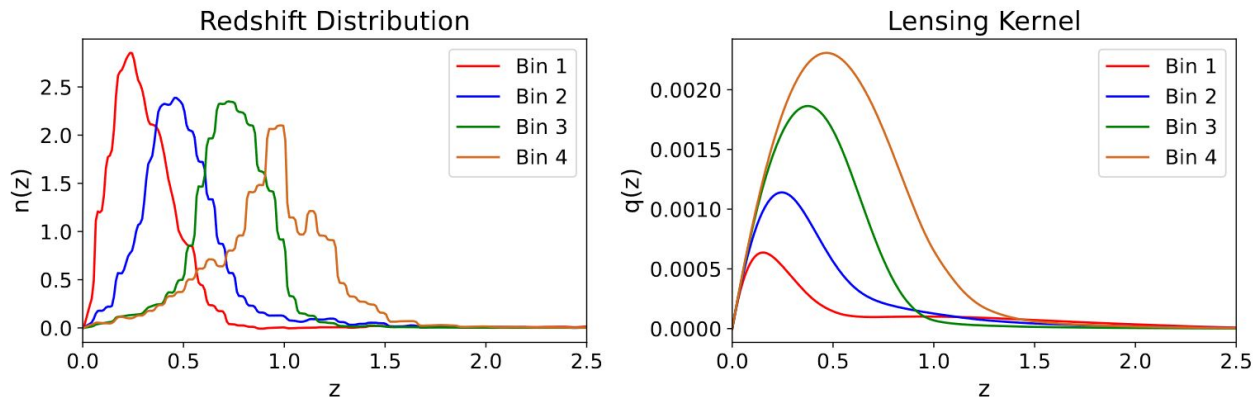
— 2PCF
— 2PCF & i3PCF

Weak Lensing Cosmology

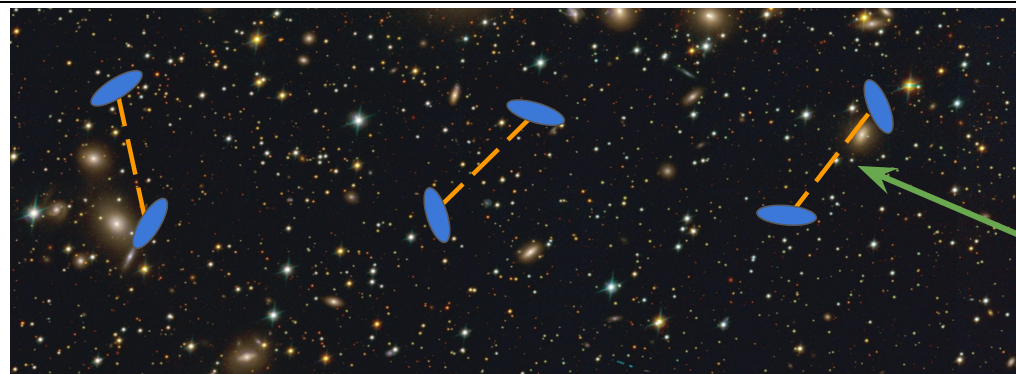
Cosmic shear probes LOS projection of the matter density field

$$(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) = \partial^{-2} \int_0^\infty d\chi W(\chi, \chi_i) (\partial_x^2 - \partial_y^2, 2\partial_x \partial_y) \delta(\chi \hat{n}_i)$$

Weight W depends on redshift of source galaxies:



Weak Lensing Cosmology



Background source
galaxy shape WITH
lensing

$$\hat{\xi}_{\pm}(\theta)$$

Shear 2-point correlation
functions

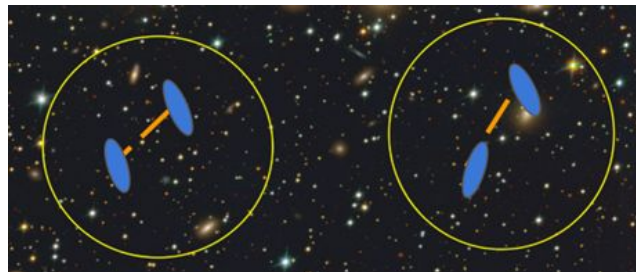
$$\xi_{\pm}(\theta) = \int \frac{d\ell}{2\pi} \ell J_{0/4}(\ell\theta) \int d\chi \frac{q_{\kappa}^2(\chi)}{\chi^2} P_m^{3D}(\ell/\chi, \chi)$$

Fourier transform of the line-of-sight projection of the 3D matter power spectrum

Integrated 3-Point Correlation Function

i3PCF correlates local 2PCF with shear aperture mass

Probes the line-of-sight projection of the **integrated 3D matter bispectrum**



Halder et al. 23

$$\zeta_{\pm}(\theta) = \left\langle M_{\text{ap}}(\boldsymbol{\theta}_C) \hat{\xi}_{\pm}(\theta; \boldsymbol{\theta}_C) \right\rangle = \frac{1}{A(\theta)} \int \frac{d\ell}{2\pi} \ell \mathcal{B}_{\pm}(\ell) J_{0/4}(\ell\theta)$$

Integrated bispectrum:

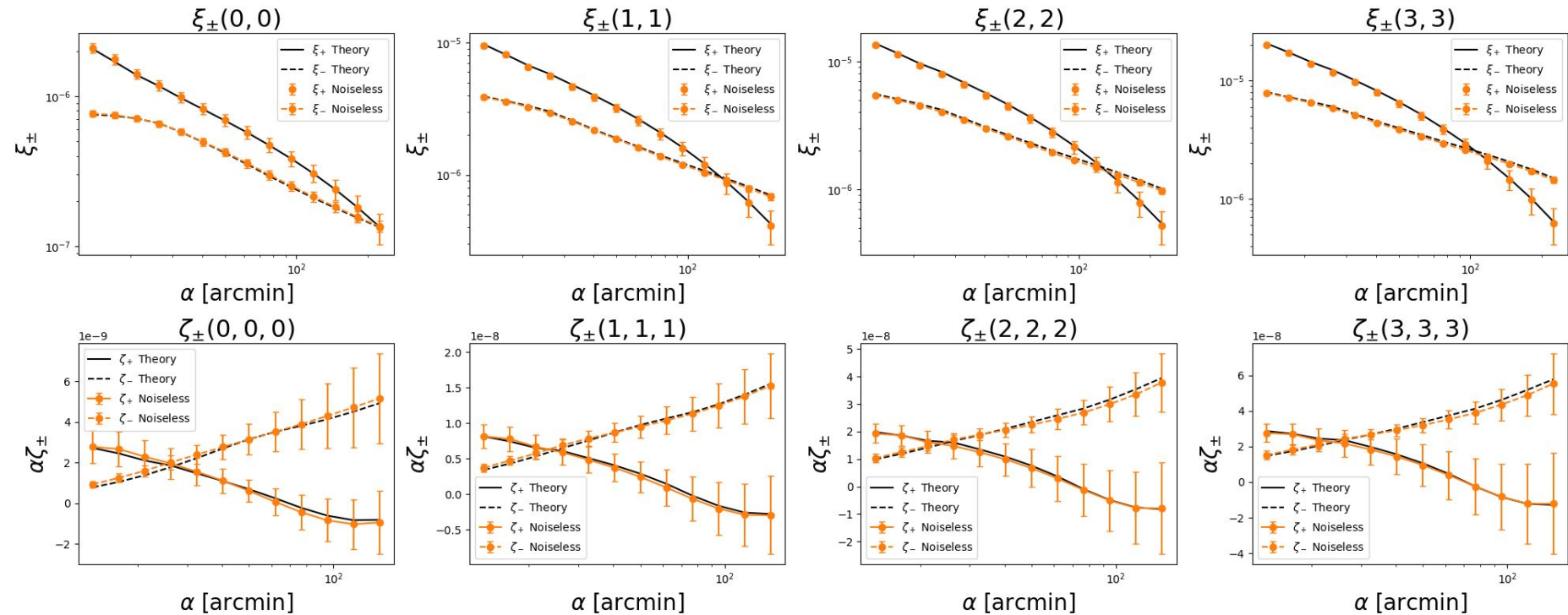
$$\mathcal{B}_{\pm}(\ell) = \int d\chi \frac{q_{\kappa}^3(\chi)}{\chi^4} \int_{\ell_1} \int_{\ell_2} B_{\delta}^{3\text{D}} \left(\frac{\ell_1}{\chi}, \frac{\ell_2}{\chi}, \frac{-\ell_{12}}{\chi}; \chi \right) e^{2i(\phi_{\ell_2} \mp \phi_{-\ell_{12}})} U(\ell_1) W(\ell_2 + \ell) W(-\ell_{12} - \ell)$$

Line-of-sight
projection

3D matter
bispectrum

Window functions

Validation with Theory



Systematic Effects

- **Photometric redshift uncertainty**

$$n^i(z) \rightarrow n^i(z - \Delta_z^i)$$

- **Shear calibration** (bias from shear measurement pipeline)

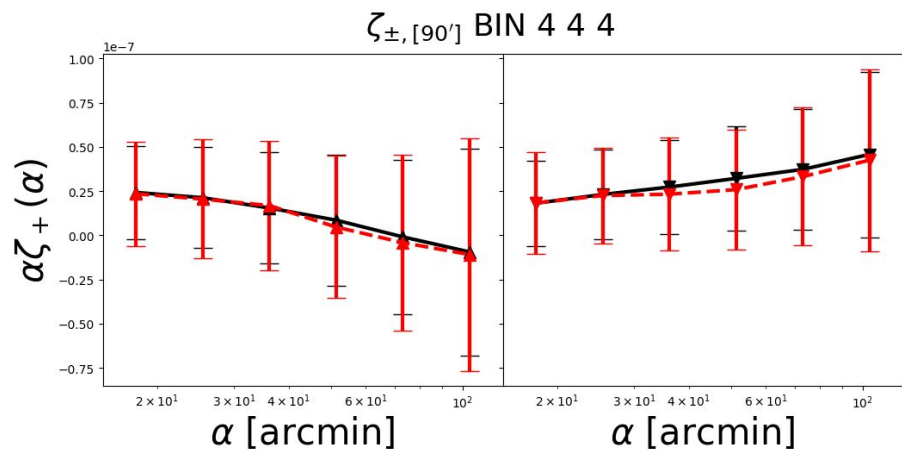
$$\zeta_{\pm, \text{obs}}^{ijk}(\alpha) = (1 + m_i)(1 + m_j)(1 + m_k) \zeta_{\pm, \text{true}}^{ijk}(\alpha)$$

- **Intrinsic alignment** (non-linear linear alignment (NLA) model)

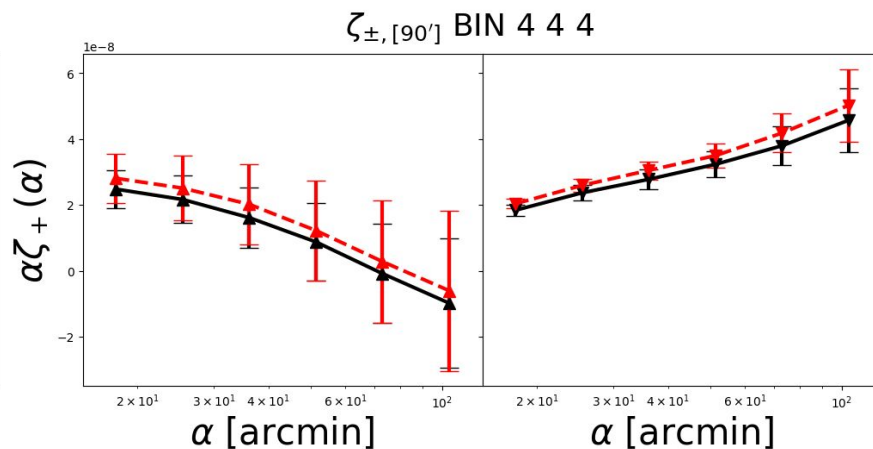
$$q_{\kappa}^i(\chi) \longrightarrow q_{\kappa}^i(\chi) - A(z(\chi)) \frac{n_{\kappa}^i(z(\chi))}{\bar{n}_{\kappa}^i} \frac{dz}{d\chi} \quad A(z) = A_{\text{IA},0} \left(\frac{1+z}{1+z_0} \right)^{\alpha_{\text{IA}}} \frac{C_1 \rho_{\text{m},0}}{D(z)}$$

Testing Additional Systematics

Source Galaxy Clustering (including shape noise)



Reduced Shear (without shape noise)

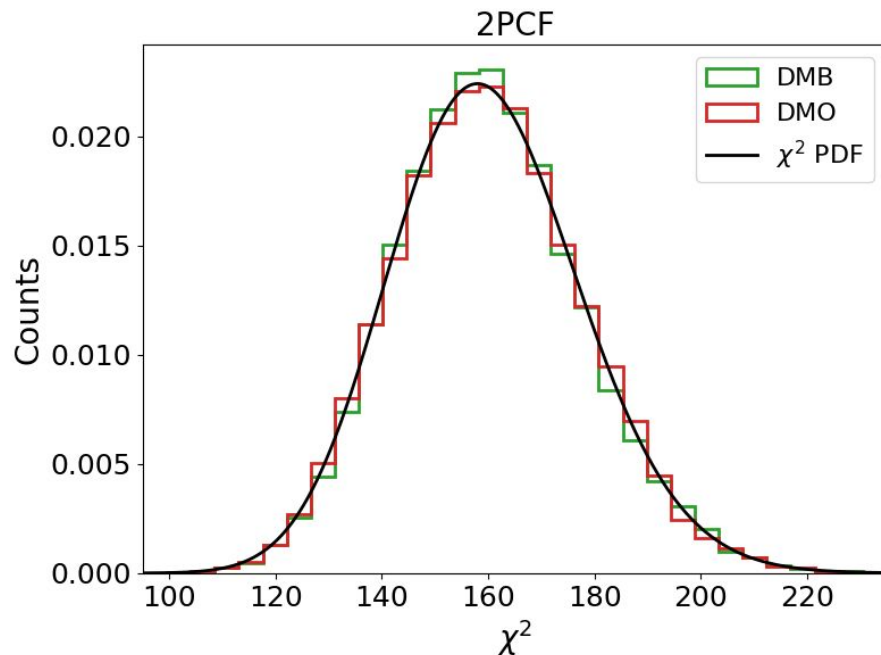


Gaussianity of the Likelihood

We calculate χ^2 for 16000 fiducial sims with respect to mean:

$$\chi^2 = (d_i - \hat{d})^T C^{-1} (d_i - \hat{d})$$

- 2PCF is fitted well by χ^2 distribution

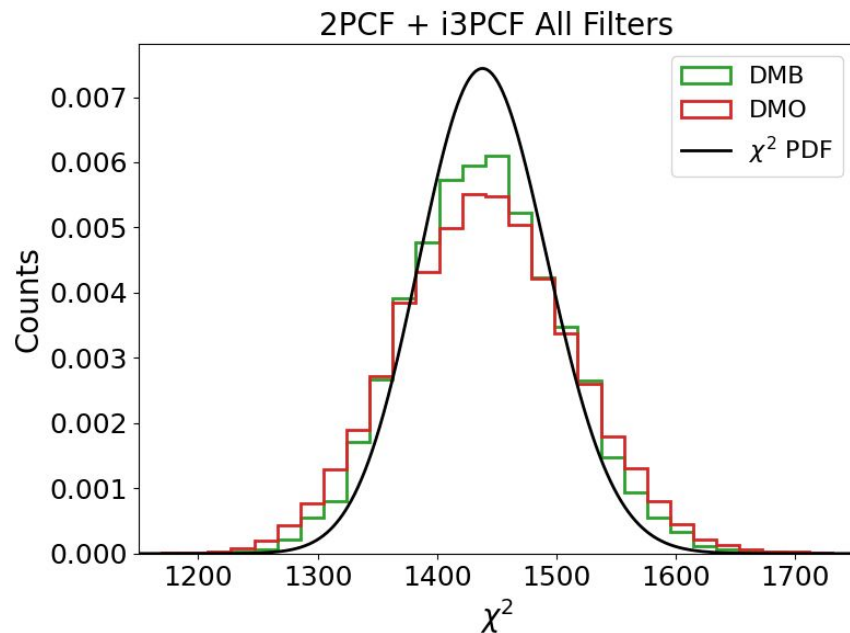


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- 2PCF is fitted well by χ^2 distribution
- Full datavector deviates

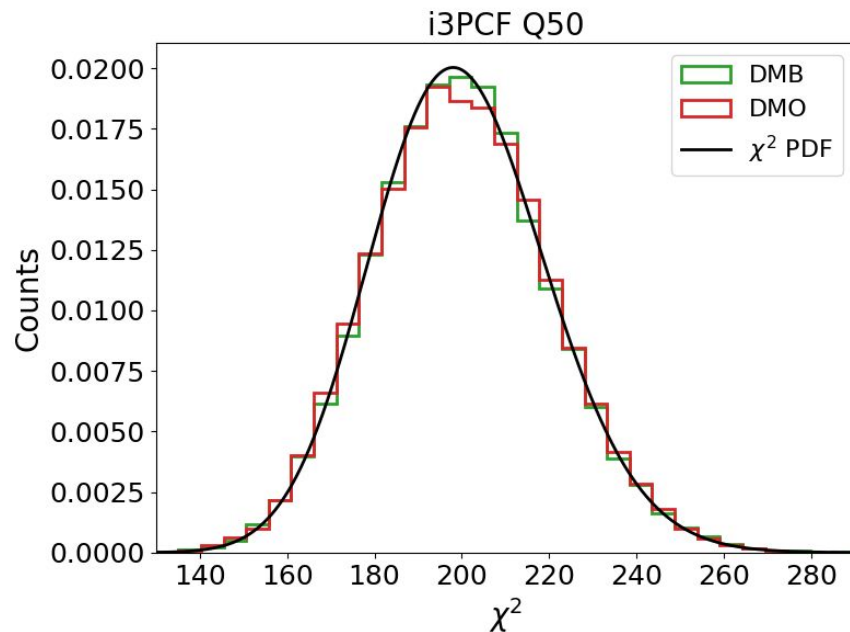


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- 2PCF is fitted well by χ^2 distribution
- Full datavector deviates
- Only slight deviation for 50' filter

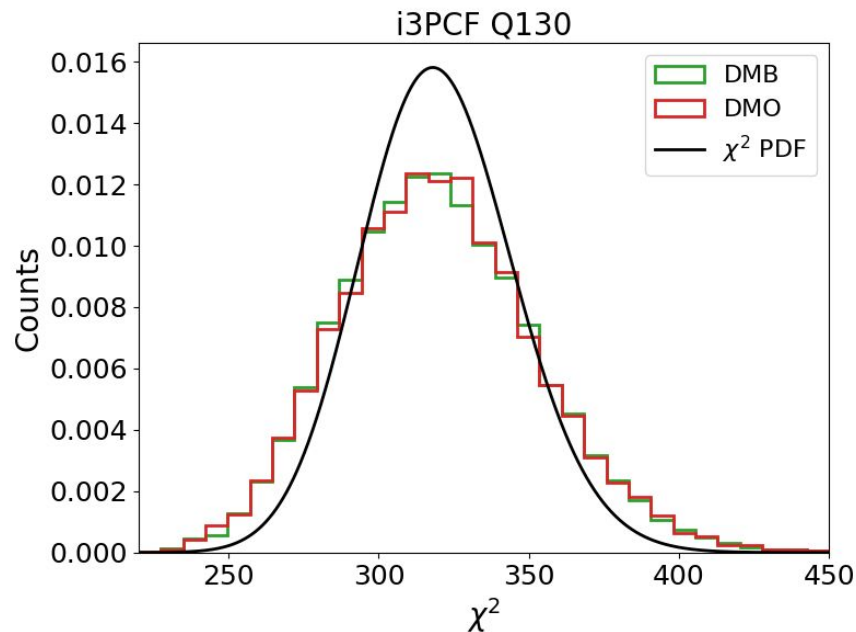


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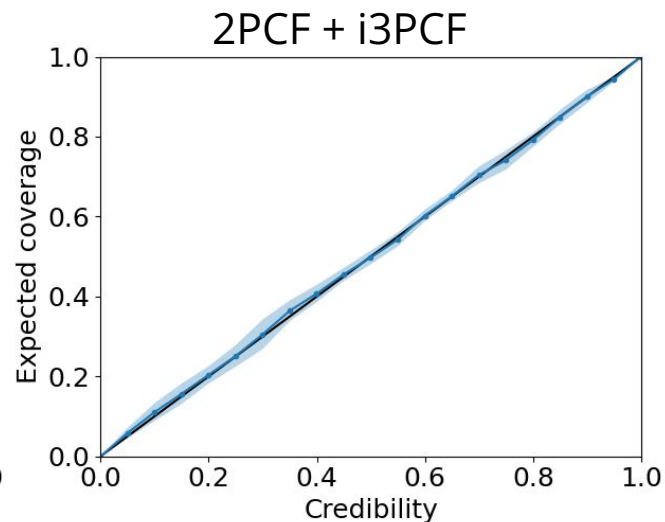
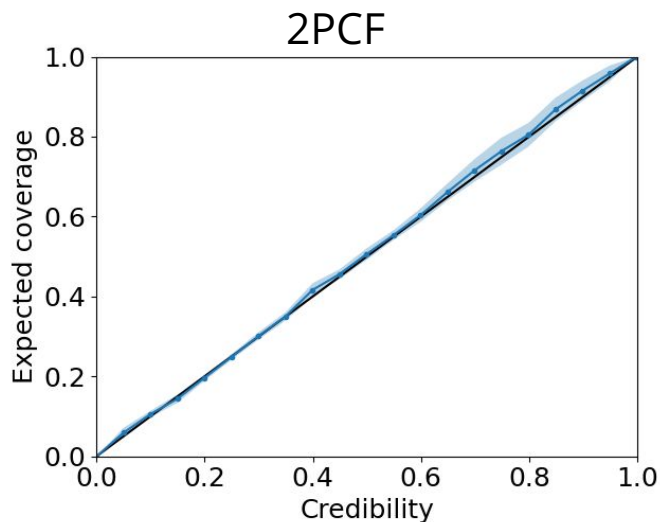
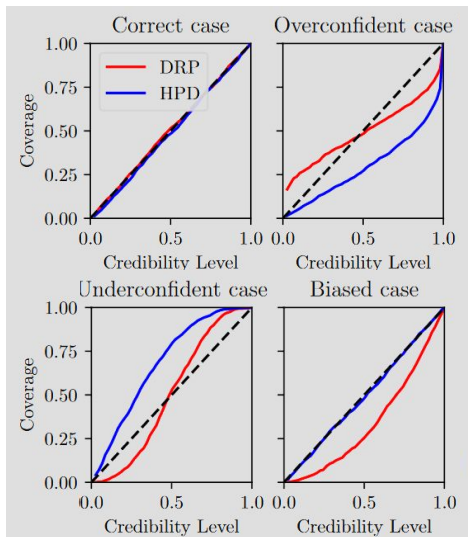


⇒ Likelihood increasingly non-Gaussian when approaching squeezed limit

Validating SBI

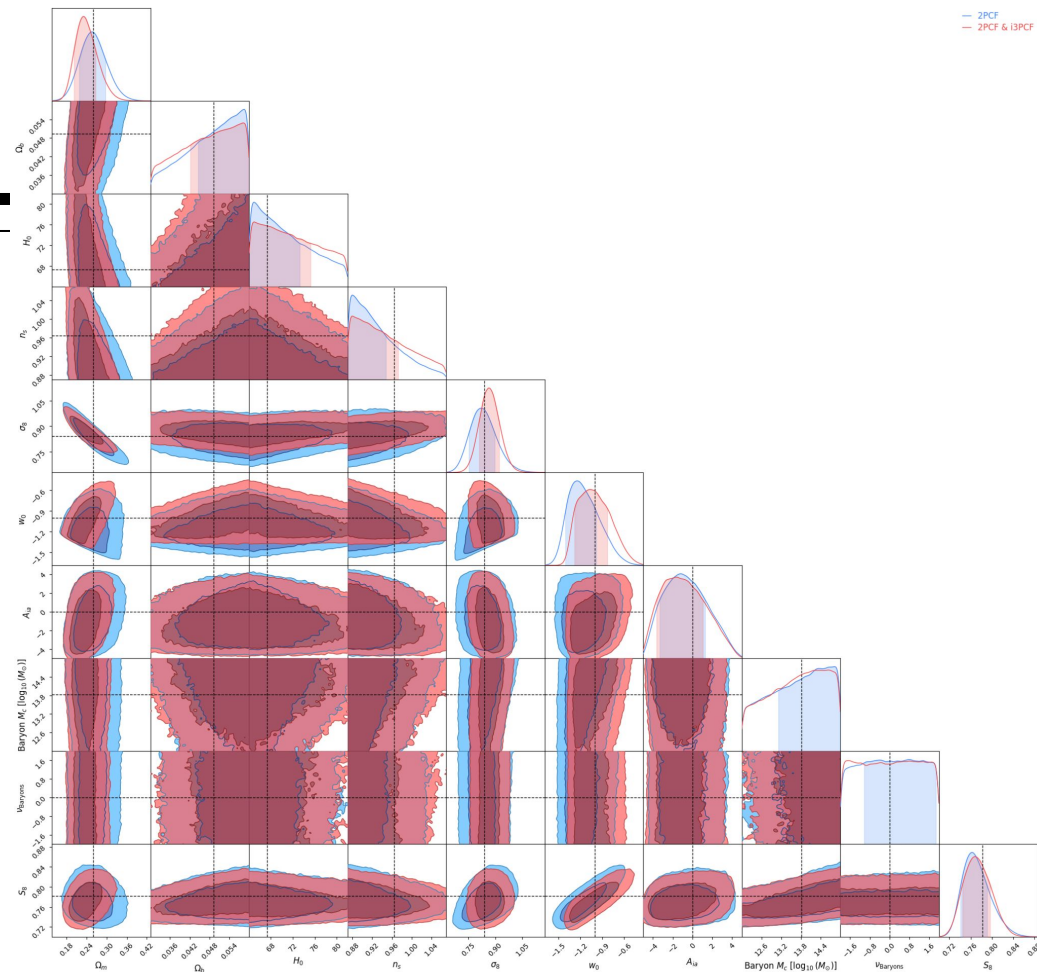
Coverage Test:

- Are the resulting posteriors accurate?
- “Tests of Accuracy with Random Points” (TARP) \Rightarrow Lemos et al. 2023



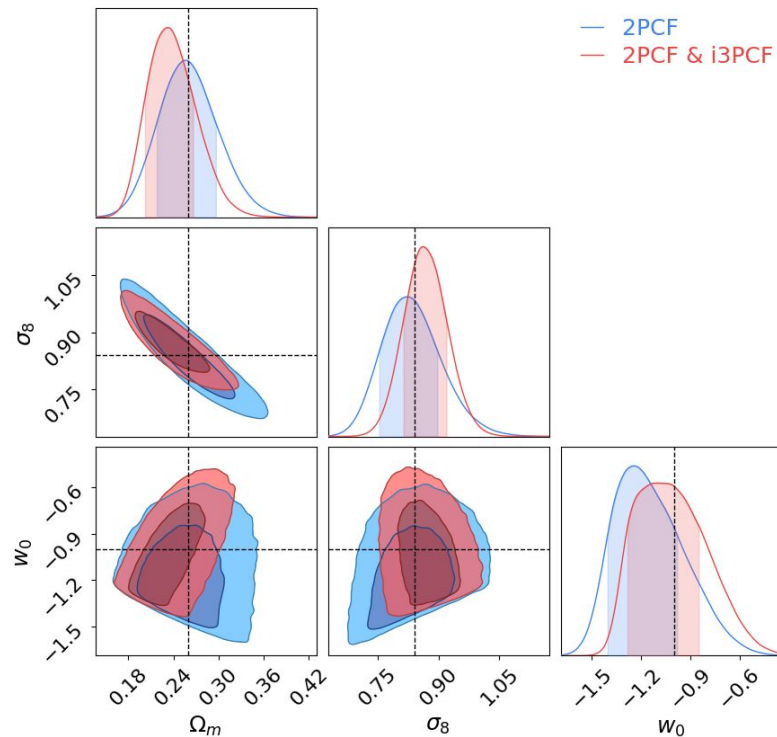
Fiducial Results

- We can constrain Ω_m , σ_8 and w_0
- Other parameters unconstrained



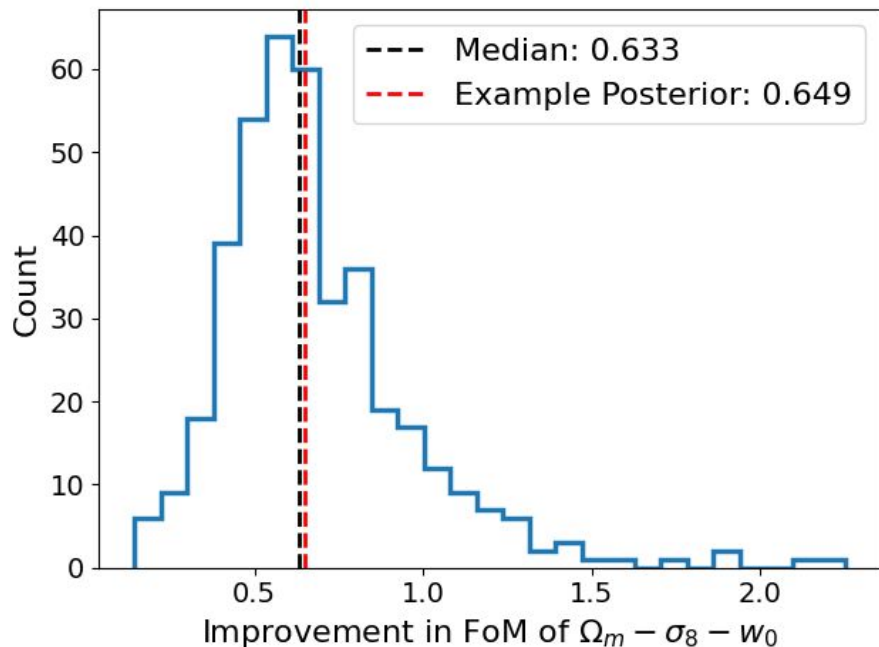
Fiducial Results

- We can constrain Ω_m , σ_8 and w_0
- Other parameters unconstrained
- Focus on constrained parameters:
 - Recover true parameters
 - w_0 not improved?
 - 65% improvement in FoM



Improvements

- Compare 2PCF constraints with and without i3PCF for 400 sims
 - Median improvement of 63%
 - Large scatter depending on realisation
 - Improvement driven by Ω_m & σ_8
 - w_0 Improvements small
- ⇒ Projection effects due to prior



Summary & Outlook

- We have developed a pipeline which can:
 - Create realistic mock weak lensing observables
 - Evaluate correlation functions efficiently
 - Test the effect of systematics
 - Obtain posteriors from Observations
- I'm now working on:
 - Further validate application to data
- Future directions:
 - Add (photometric) galaxy clustering
 - Add more summary statistics (e.g. 1-pt PDF)
 - Apply to Stage IV surveys