

Ultra-intense lasers (currently called Petawatt lasers) have experienced rapid development in the past three decades, especially the latest several years. Today, two 10-Petawatt lasers have been successfully demonstrated in Europe and China, respectively, breaking the laser peak-power record. In this talk, firstly we will discuss the spatiotemporal effect that would degrade the focused intensity and accordingly limit the real performance of ultra-intense lasers in high-field physics; secondly, we will talk about the possibility to further develop the

- 1. Zhaoyang Li, et al. "Simulating an ultra-broadband concept for Exawatt-class lasers," Scientific Reports 11, 151 (2021). 2. Zhaoyang Li, et al. "Complex spatiotemporal coupling distortion pre-compensation with double-compressors for an ultra-intense femtosecond laser," Opt. Express 27(18), 25172-25186 (2019).
- 3. Zhaoyang Li, et al. "Simulating ultra-intense femtosecond lasers in the 3-dimensional space-time domain," Opt. Express 26(7), 8453-8469 (2018).

