# Belle II Detector

KL and muon detector: Resistive Plate Counter (barrel) Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (end-caps)

EM Calorimeter:

CsI(TI), waveform sampling (barre Master Project:
Pure CsI + waveform sampling (en Master Project:

**Smart Background simulation with** 

electrorgraph neural networks for Belle H (fwd)

Beryllium beam pipe 2cm diameter

Vertex Detector
2 layers DEPFET + 4 layers DSSD

Central Drift Chamber He(50%):C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>(50%), Small cells, long lever arm, fast electronics positron (4GeV)

Presenter: Boyang Yu(LMU)

Superviser:

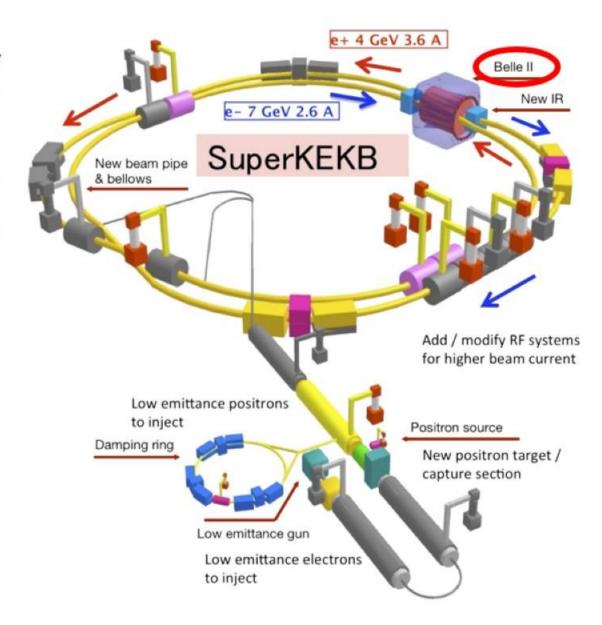
Prof. Dr. Thomas Kuhr

Dr. Nikolai Hartmann

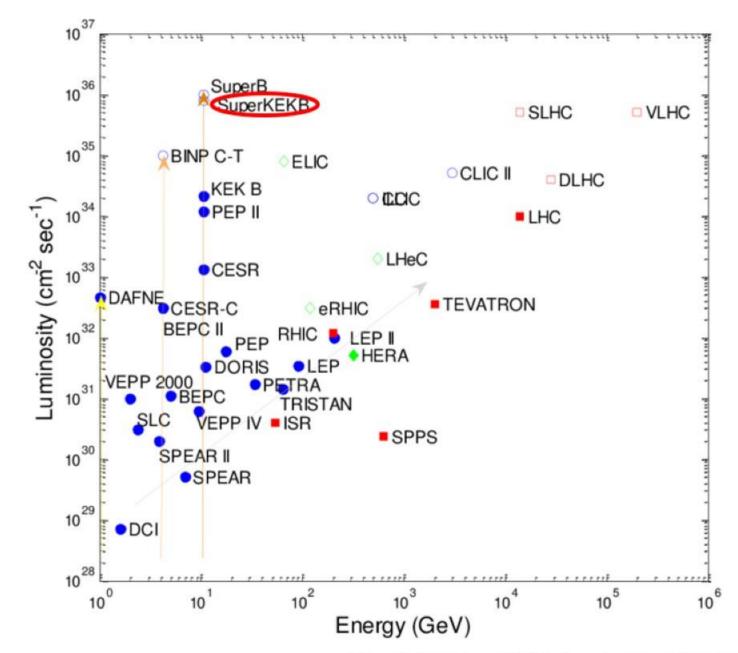
Date: 19.02.2021

## **Belle II Experiment**

The Belle II experiment is designed to study the properties of B mesons and is currently being commissioned at the SuperKEKB accelerator at KEK in Tsukuba, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan. The Belle II detector was moved into the collision point of SuperKEKB in April 2017 and started taking data in early 2018.

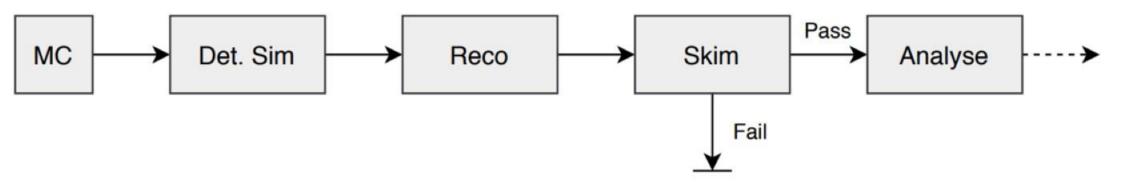


Very High Luminosity means Tremendous Dataset

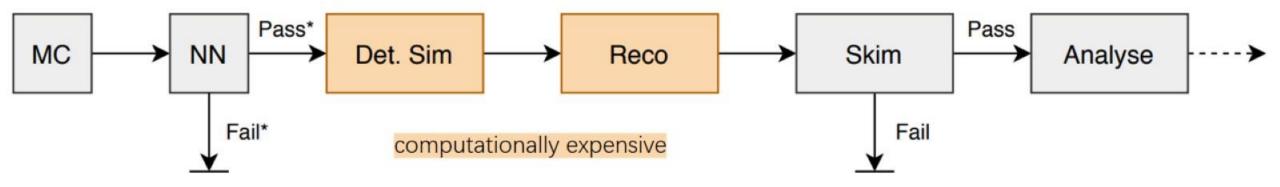


Biscari, Caterina. (0002). Accelerators R&D. Proceedings of Science.

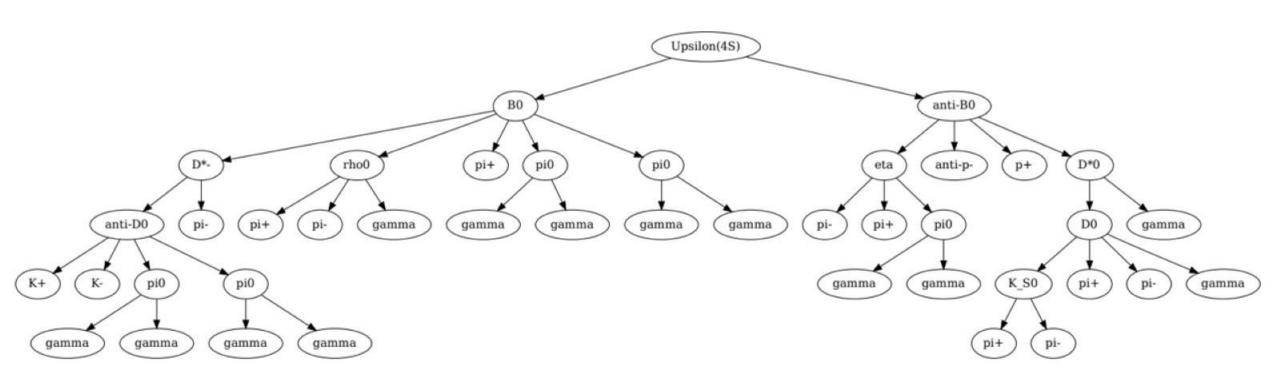
### **Current Monte Carlo Simulation data flow**



## Simulation with smart background selection

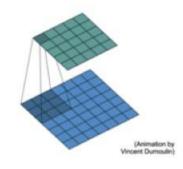


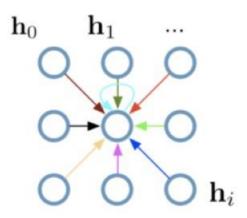
# Tree Structures of Particle Decay inspire the use of Graph Neural Network



# Using Deep Graph Library (DGL) CNN vs GCN

# Single CNN layer with 3x3 filter:





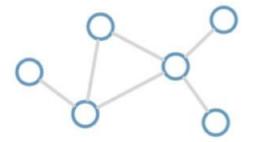
#### Full update:

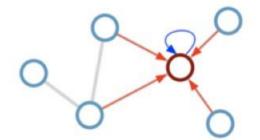
$$\mathbf{h}_{4}^{(l+1)} = \sigma \left( \mathbf{W}_{0}^{(l)} \mathbf{h}_{0}^{(l)} + \mathbf{W}_{1}^{(l)} \mathbf{h}_{1}^{(l)} + \dots + \mathbf{W}_{8}^{(l)} \mathbf{h}_{8}^{(l)} \right)$$

Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

Consider this undirected graph:

Calculate update for node in red:

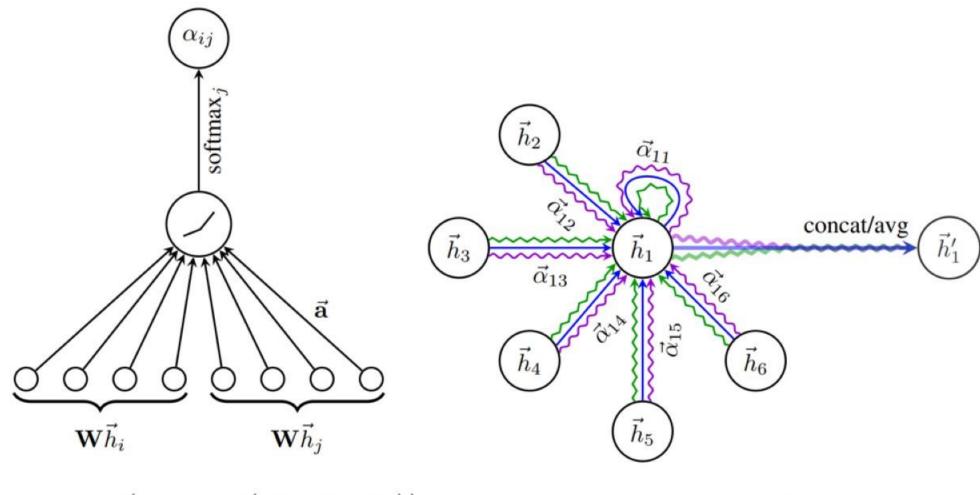




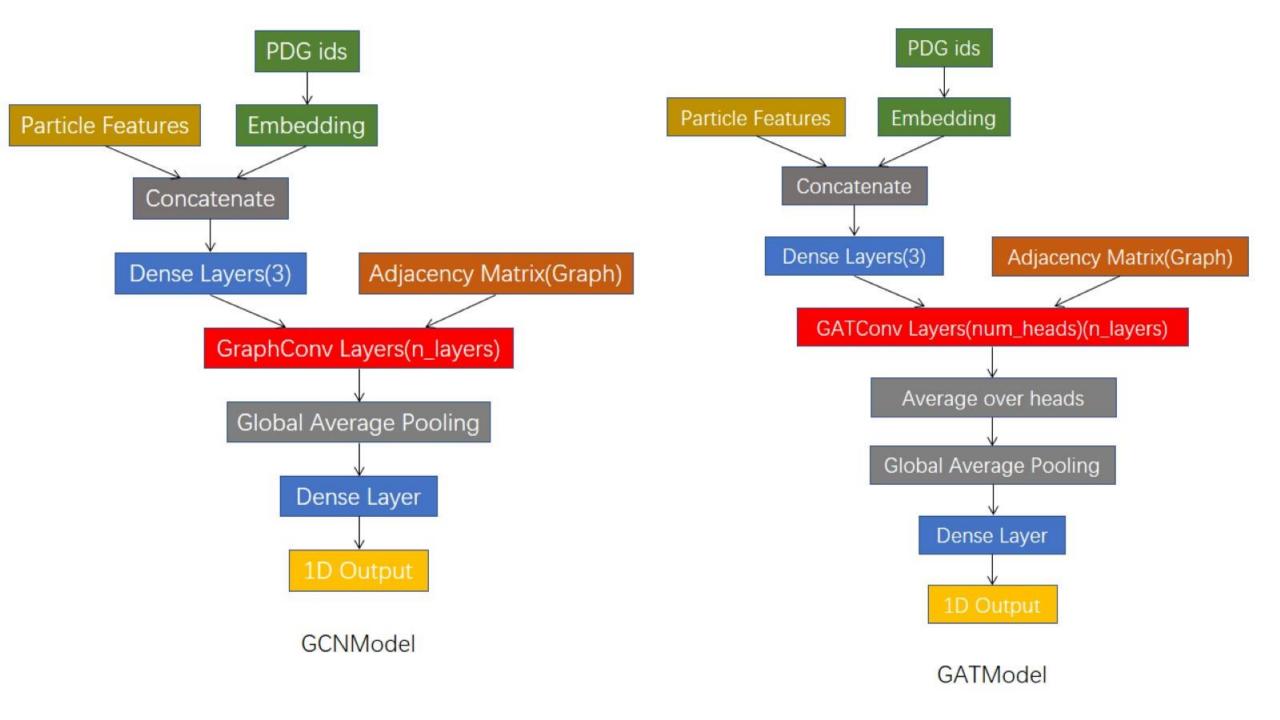
Update rule: 
$$\mathbf{h}_i^{(l+1)} = \sigma \left( \mathbf{h}_i^{(l)} \mathbf{W}_0^{(l)} + \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}_i} \frac{1}{c_{ij}} \mathbf{h}_j^{(l)} \mathbf{W}_j^{(l)} \right)$$

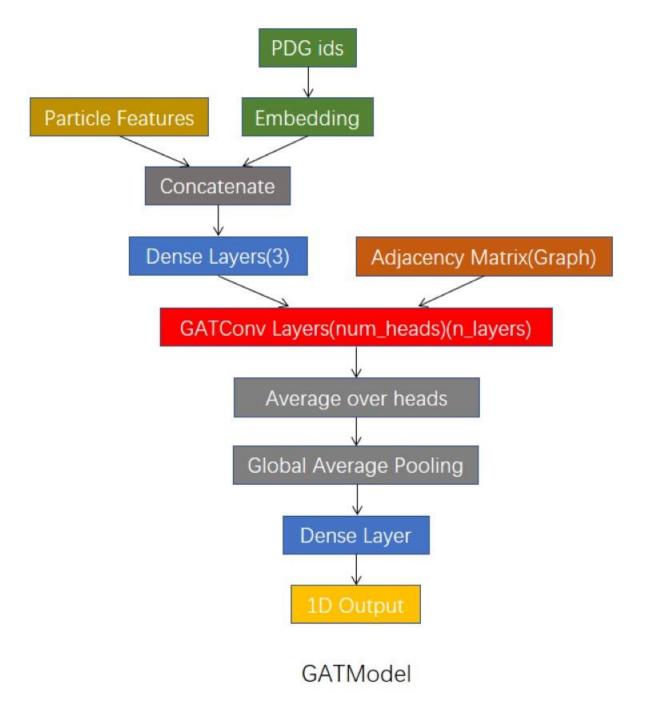
Graph Convolutional Network (GCN)

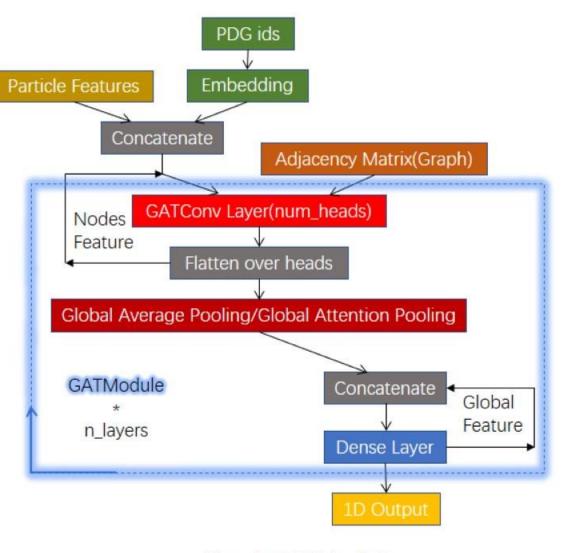
## **Graph Attention Networks**



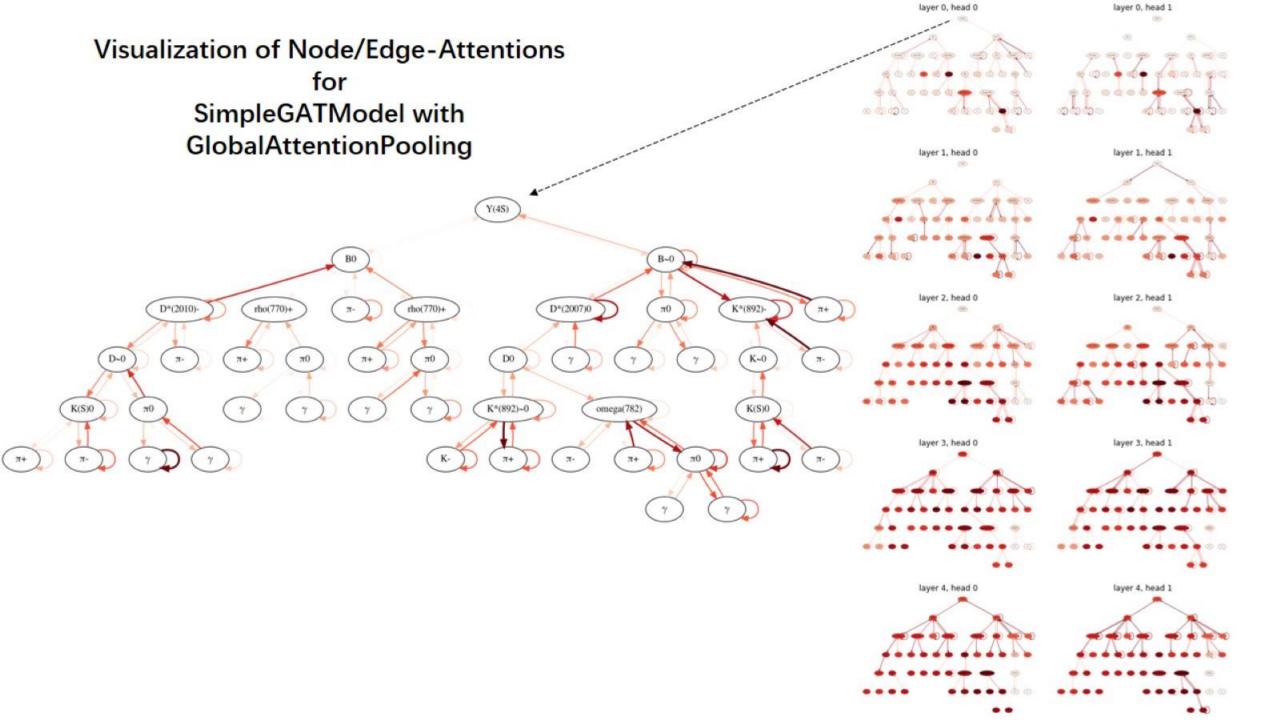
$$\alpha_{ij} = \frac{\exp\left(\text{LeakyReLU}\left(\vec{\mathbf{a}}^T[\mathbf{W}\vec{h}_i\|\mathbf{W}\vec{h}_j]\right)\right)}{\sum_{k \in \mathcal{N}_i} \exp\left(\text{LeakyReLU}\left(\vec{\mathbf{a}}^T[\mathbf{W}\vec{h}_i\|\mathbf{W}\vec{h}_i]\right)\right)} \qquad \vec{h}_i' = \prod_{k=1}^K \sigma\left(\sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}_i} \alpha_{ij}^k \mathbf{W}^k \vec{h}_j\right)$$







SimpleGATModel w/o GlobalAttentionPooling



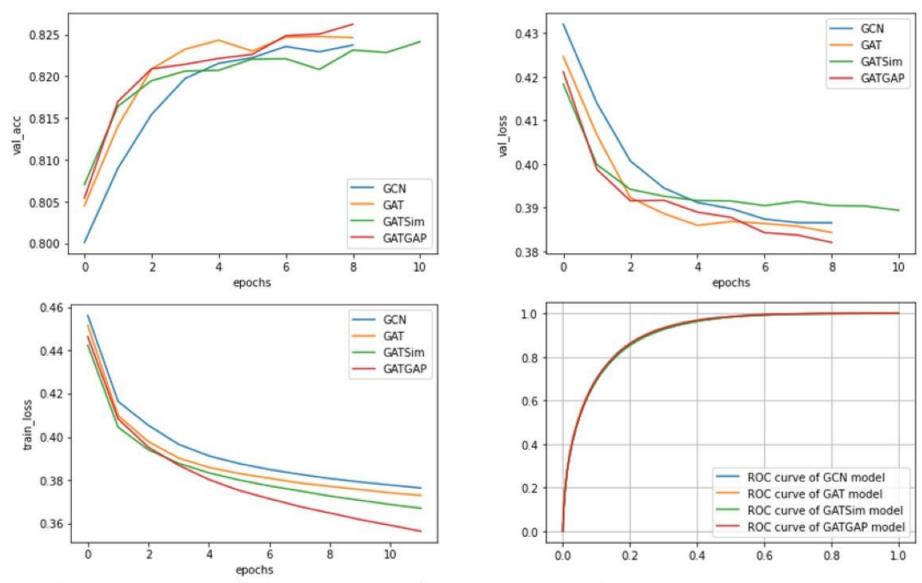
# Comparison

### Parameters:

- n\_heads = 2
- $n_{ayers} = 5$
- n\_units = 128
- batch\_size = 128
- $n_{train} = 0.9M$
- n\_val = 0.1M
- n\_test = 0.5M

## **EarlyStopping:**

- patience = 3
- delta = 1e-5



	GCN	GAT	GATSim	GATGAP
TrainingTime	2600.13s	3322.27s	3678.66s	4490.48s
AUCValues	0.90679	0.90846	0.90683	0.91010

# Next steps:

- More tuning
- Speed up rate
- Bias mitigation

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Particle Identification

Particle Identification

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electron (7GeV) Thank You for Watching! ation counter (barrel)

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